

# SAFETY DATA SHEET PERACTIF 5000

Date of Issue: 6 January 2021

## SECTION 1. COMPANY & PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

#### 1.1 Product Identifier

Product Brand name: PERACTIF 5000
Product Description: Sanitizer
Product Code: 200014

## 1.2 Other Means of Identification

CAS-No 79-21-0

Synonyms Peracetic Acid; Ethaneperoxoic Acid; Peroxyacetic Acid; Acetyl Hydroperoxide

# 1.3 Relevant Identifier uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Oxidizing agent for a variety of organic reactions

Restrictions on Use: Use as recommended by the label.

## 1.4. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

## **Tidol Corporation**

146 Shorting Road, Scarborough ON M1S 3S6, Canada Tel: 416-293-2244/ 1-800 881-8672 Fax: 416-293-5808

Email: info@tidolcorp.com

# 1.5 Emergency Telephone Number

Vendor 1-800-881-8672

Canutec 1-613-996-6666 or 1-888-CAN-UTEC

## **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or Mixture

#### **OSHA Regulatory Status**

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Acute toxicity - OralCategory 3Acute toxicity - DermalCategory 4Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Vapors)Category 3

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1 Sub-category A

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
Organic Peroxide Type F
Flammable liquids Category 3

## 2.2 Label elements



## **Hazard Statements**

H301 - Toxic if swallowed

H312 - Harmful in contact with skin

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H331 - Toxic if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

## **Physical Hazards**

H242 - Heating may cause a fire

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

## **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

P280 - Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

P220 - Keep/Store away from clothing/combustible materials

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No

smoking P234 - Keep only in original container

P235 - Keep cool

## **Precautionary Statements - Response**

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce

vomiting P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P370 + P378 - In case of fire: Use water for extinction

#### **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

P403 + P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed P411 + P235 - Store at temperatures not exceeding 30 °C/86 °F. Keep cool P410 - Protect from sunlight

## Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

No hazards not otherwise classified were identified.

#### Other Information

Do not store on wooden pallets. Avoid damage to containers. In case of decomposition: isolate container, douse container withcool water and dilute with large volumes of water. In case of leak or spill: Stop leak if this can be done without risk. Flush area with large quantities of water. Undiluted material should not be allowed to enter confined spaces. Risk of decomposition by heat or by contact with incompatible materials.

## **SECTION 3. COMPOSITON/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Chemical name	CAS-No	% v/v		
Acetic Acid	64-19-7	7.00 - 8.00		
Peracetic Acid	79-21-0	5.50 – 6.00		
Water	7732-18-5	55.00 – 65.00		
Hydrogen Peroxide	7722-84-1	25.00 - 30.00		

## **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES INFORMATION**

**General Advice** Liquid and mist are corrosive and can cause burns, direct contact could cause

irreversible damage to eyes including blindness and/or irreversible destruction of skin tissue. Vapor/mist will irritate the nose, throat and lungs, but will usually subside when exposure ceases. The severity of the effects depends in the concentration and

dose.

**Eye Contact** Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and

upper eyelids intermittently. Consult a physician.

**Skin Contact** Immediately flush with plenty of water while removing contaminated clothing and/or

shoes, and thoroughly wash with soap and water. Seek immediate medical

attention/advice. Wash contaminated clothing with plenty of water to prevent fire

hazard.

**Inhalation** Move to fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial

respiration. If breathing difficulty or discomfort occurs and persists, obtain

medical attention.

**Ingestion** Clean mouth with water. Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Nevergive anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician

immediately.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

This product is irritating to the respiratory system and can cause pulmonary inflammation and edema, especially if it is inhaled in the aerosol form. In case of accidental ingestion, necrosis may result from mucous membrane burns (mouth, esophagus and stomach). Oxygen rapid release may cause stomach swelling and hemorrhaging, which may product major, or even fatal, injury to organs if a large amount has been ingested. Corneal lesions and irreversible damage if contact with the eyes.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

This product can be corrosive to skin, eyes, and mucous membranes. Consideration should be given to careful endoscopy as stomach or esophageal burns, perforations or strictures may occur. Careful gastric lavage with an endotracheal tube in place should be considered. Observations may be warranted. Treatment is controlled removal of exposure followed by symptomatic and supportive care.

#### SECTION 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES INFORMATION

**Suitable Extinguishing Media** Water. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire isout.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** Chemical type extinguishers are not effective with peracetic acid or hydrogen peroxide.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Decomposes under fire conditions to release oxygen that intensifies the fire.

Explosion data

**Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact** Not Available. **Sensitivity to Static Discharge** Not Available.

**Protective** 

Storage

**equipment and** Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit. Fight fire from maximum distance

**precautions for firefighters** or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles

## SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES INFORMATION

**Personal Precautions** Isolate and post spill area. Remove all sources of ignition. Wear suitable protective clothing,

gloves and eye/face protection. For personal protection see Section 8.

Other For further clean-up instructions, call PeroxyChem Emergency Hotline number listed

in Section 1 "Product and Company Identification" above.

**Environmental Precautions** Prevent material from entering into soil, ditches, sewers, waterways, and/or groundwater.

See Section 12, Ecological Information for more detailed information.

**Methods for Containment** Control runoff and isolate discharged material for proper disposal. Do not allow material to

enter storm or sanitary sewer system.

**Methods for cleaning up** Hydrogen peroxide is an ingredient in this product; completely submerge hydrogen

peroxide contaminated clothing or other materials in water prior to drying. Residual hydrogen peroxide, if allowed to dry on combustible materials such as paper, fabrics,

leather or wood can cause the material to ignite and result in a fire.

## SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE INFORMATION

**Handling** Handle product only in closed system or provide appropriate exhaust ventilation. Electric

and light installations ought to be explosion-proof. Use only non-sparking tools.

IBC (Tote) - IBC should be emptied as thoroughly as possible and recycled without rinsing. Drums - Empty as thoroughly as possible. Triple rinse drums before disposal. Avoid contamination; impurities accelerate decomposition. Never return product to original container. Do not stored near reducing agents, fuels or other non-compatible materials. Keep in adry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep at temperatures below 30°C. Higher temperatures will accelerate decomposition resulting in loss of assay. Keep away from direct sunlight. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition i.e., steam pipes, radiant heaters, hot air vents or welding sparks. Use first in, first out storage system. Do not double-stack. Containers must be

vented.

**Incompatible products** Oxidizing agents; Strong reducing agents; Combustible materials; Heavy metals such as

iron, copper, chromium, nickel, aluminum and cobalt.

## SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

Control parameters

#### **Exposure Guidelines**

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH
Acetic Acid 64- 19-7	STEL 15 ppm TWA: 10 ppm	TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 50 ppm TWA: 10 ppm TWA: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 15 ppm STEL: 37 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Peracetic Acid 79-21-0	STEL 0.4 ppm	-	-
Hydrogen Peroxide 7722-84-1	TWA: 1 ppm	TWA: 1 ppm TWA: 1.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	IDLH: 75 ppm TWA: 1 ppm TWA: 1.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### **Appropriate engineering controls**

**Engineering measures** Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. Where

reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good

general extraction. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the

workstation location.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective

**Equipment** Eye/Face Protection Tightly fitting safety goggles. Face-shield.

**Skin and Body Protection** Rubber or neoprene footwear. Impervious clothing materials such as rubber, neoprene,

nitrile or polyvinyl chloride. Wear liquid proof rubber or neoprene gloves. Hydrogenperoxide is an ingredient in this product; completely submerge hydrogen peroxide contaminated clothing or other materials in water prior to drying. Residual hydrogen peroxide, if allowed to dry on combustible materials such as paper, fabrics, leather or wood can cause the material to

ignite and result in a fire.

Hand Protection Rubber/latex/neoprene or other suitable chemical resistant gloves. Wash the outside of

gloves with soap and water prior to removal. Inspect regularly for leaks.

**Respiratory Protection** When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use

appropriate certified respirators: Full face piece respirator with organic vapor/acid gas cartridge or canister. If break-through occurs, use airline supplied or self-contained

breathing apparatus with full face piece.

**Hygiene measures** Clean water should be available for washing in case of eye or skin contamination. Remove

and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash skin prior to eating, drinking, chewing gum or using tobacco. Shower or bathe at the end of working. Launder work clothing separately from

regular household laundry.

**General information** Protective engineering solutions should be implemented and in use before personal

protective equipment is considered.

#### SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearances Liquid

**Initial Boiling Point** Not applicable **Boiling Range** ~107 °C / 225 °F **Bulk Densities** Not Applicable Flammability Non flammable Upper Flammability limit Non Flammable Lower Flammability limit Non flammable Partition coefficient Not available Auto Ignition temperature Non flammable

Decomposition Temperature > 55 °C (SADT) (55-gal. drum)

Color

Densities

Evaporation Rate

Explosive properties

Extinguishing Media for Fires

Flash Points

Colorless, clear

Not Available.

<1 (n-butyl acetate=1)

Not Applicable

Non-Flammable

46 °C / 115 °F Closed cup

Open Cup - No measurable flash point up to 110°C

Fire Point - No fire point. This material will not sustain a flame

Heats of Combustion Not Available.
Henry's Law Constant Not Available.
Melting point/freezing point -44 °C / -47 °F
Odor Threshold Values Not Available.

Odors stinging, Pungent vinegar-like

Percent Volatility Not Available.

pH Value < 1

Specific Gravity

Vapor Pressures

Vater Miscibility

1.13 g/mL @ 20 °C

20 mm Hg at 25 °C

Water Soluble

Water Solubility (Qualitative) Infinite

## **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**Reactivity** Reactive and oxidizing agent. Organic peroxide.

**Chemical Stability** Stable under normal conditions. Contamination or heat could initiate decomposition.

**Possibility of Hazardous Reactions** May produce explosive reactions with Acetic Anhydride. Contact with metals, metallicions,

alkalis, reducing agents and organic matter (such as alcohols or terpenes) may

produce self-accelerated thermal decomposition.

**Hazardous polymerization** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks; Temperatures above 30°C. Higher temperatures will accelerate

decomposition resulting in loss of assay

**Incompatible materials**Oxidizing agents; Strong reducing agents; Combustible materials; Heavy metals. such as

iron, copper, chromium, nickel, aluminum and cobalt.

**Hazardous Decomposition Products** Liable to produce overpressure in container. Acetic acid and oxygen that supports

combustion.

#### SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **Product Information**

LD50 Oral LD50 Rat = 50 -500 mg/kg/bw (35% Peracetic acid)

LD50 rat = 1026-1780 mg/kg/bw (15% Peracetic acid) LD50 rat = 185-3622 mg/kg/bw (2.6-6.11% Peracetic acid)

**LD50 Dermal** LD50 Rat = 1957 mg/kg/bw (15% Peracetic acid)

LD50 rat = 1147 mg/kg/bw (5% Peracetic acid)

LD50 rat = >2000 mg/kg/bw (Peracetic acid 0.15%-0.89%)

**LC50 Inhalation** LC50 (4-hr) Rat = 76-189 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (15% Peracetic acid)

LC50 (4-h) rat =  $204 \text{ mg/m}^3$  (5% Peraceticacid)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Corneal lesions and irreversible damage if contact with the eyes.

**Skin corrosion/irritation** Corrosive to skin.

**Sensitization** Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Symptoms**

Liquid and mist are corrosive and can cause burns, direct contact could cause irreversible dmage to eyes including blindness

and/or irreversible destruction of skin tissue. Vapor/mist will irritate the nose, throat and lungs, but will usually subside when exposure ceases. The severity of the effects depends in the concentration and dose.

#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

**Chronic toxicity** Repeated inhalation of the mist may cause inflammation of the upper respiratory tract,

chronic bronchitis and etching of the dental enamel.

**Carcinogenicity** Did not show carcinogenic effects in animal experiments. Topical applications do not

produce skin tumors. Not recognized as carcinogenic by Research Agencies (IARC, NTP, OSHA,

ACGIH).

Mutagenicity This product is not recognized as mutagenic by Research Agencies. Did notshow

mutagenic effects in animal experiments.

**Reproductive toxicity** This product is not recognized as reprotox by Research Agencies. No toxicity to

reproduction in animal studies.

**STOT - single exposure** May cause respiratory irritation.

**STOT - repeated exposure** Not classified.

**Aspiration hazard** Aspiration risk: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

## **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Ecotoxicity** 

**Ecotoxicity effects**Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

Environment

Peracetic Acid (79-21-0)								
Active Ingredient(s)	Duration	Species	Value	Units				
Peracetic Acid 15%	96 h LC50	Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	0.53	mg/L				
Peracetic Acid 5%	96 h LC50	Bluegill sunfish	1.1	mg/L				
Peracetic Acid	33 d NOEC	Brachydanio rerio	0.00225	mg/L				
Peracetic Acid 5%	96 h LC50	Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)	1.6	mg/L				
Peracetic Acid 5%	48 h EC50	Daphnia magna	0.73	mg/L				
Peracetic Acid 12.5%	48 h EC50	Mytilus sdulis	0.27	mg/L				
Peracetic Acid 15%	21 d NOEC	Daphnia magna	0.05	mg/L				
Peracetic Acid 5%	72 h EC50	Selenastrum capricornutum	0.16	mg/L				
Peracetic Acid 5%	120 h EC50	Selenastrum capricornutum	0.18	mg/L				
Peracetic Acid 5%	72 h NOEC	Selenastrum capricornutum	0.061	mg/L				
Peracetic Acid	3 h EC50	Respiration inhibition test (OECD 209)	5.1	mg/L				

Persistence and degradability Peracetic acid is completely miscible with water. Aqueous solutions of peraceticacid

hydrolyze to acetic acid and hydrogen peroxide. Product is biodegradable.

Based on its low octanol-water partition coefficient and its rapid degradation in the

environment, this product is not bioaccumuable.

**Mobility** Peracetic acid released in the environment will partition almost exclusively (>99%) to

the water compartment. Only a minor part (<1%) will remain in the atmosphere, where it is expected to undergo rapid decomposition with a half life of 22 minutes. The fate of peracetic acid in the environment is mainly determined by its degradation.

Other Adverse Effects None known.

Bioaccumulation

#### SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Waste disposal methods** This material, as supplied, is a hazardous waste according to federal regulations (40 CFR

261). It must undergo special treatment, e.g. at suitable disposal site, to comply with local

regulations.

US EPA Waste Number D001 D002

**Contaminated Packaging** Non-returnable containers that held this material should be cleaned by triple-rinsing prior to

recycle or disposal. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling

site for recycling or disposal.

## **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### DOT

UN/ID no UN 3109

**Proper Shipping Name** ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID

Hazard class 5.2 Subsidiary class 8 and 3 Packing Group II

**TDG** 

UN/ID no UN 3109

**Proper Shipping Name** ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID

Hazard class 5.2 Subsidiary class 8 and 3 Packing Group II

<u>ICAO/IATA</u> Air regulation permit shipment of peracetic acid in non-vented containers for Air Cargo Only

aircraft, as well as for Passenger and Cargo aircraft. HOWEVER, all peracetic acid containers are vented and therefore, air shipments of peracetic acid are not permitted. IATA air

regulations state that venting of packages containing oxidizing substances is not permitted for

air transport.

IMDG/IMO

UN/ID no UN 3109

**Proper Shipping Name** ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID

Hazard class 5.2 Subsidiary Hazard Class 8 and 3 Packing Group II

OTHER INFORMATION Material is shipped in 5 gal. (45 lb.), 30 gal. (250 lb.) and 55 gal. (450 lb.) vented linear(not

cross-linked) polyethylene containers, as well as linear (not cross-linked) polyethylene IBC's

(330 gal.). Do not ship on wooden pallets.

#### SECTION 15. REGULARTORY INFORMATION

## **U.S. Federal Regulations**

## Clean Air Act (CAA) - Accidental Release Prevention

Peracetic acid is listed as a Regulated Toxic Substance at 40 CFR 68.130. Pursuant to the threshold determination provisions for mixtures at 40 CFR 68.155(b)(1), the partial pressure of peracetic acid in VigorOx products (up to 35% solutions) are less than 10 mm Hg at 25°C, and thus the product, as sold, is not subject to the threshold determination under the Risk Management Planning regulations

#### **SARA 313**

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Chemical name	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Peracetic Acid - 79-21-0	79-21-0	35.5	1.0

## SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazardYesChronic health hazardNoFire hazardYesSudden release of pressure hazardNoReactive HazardYes

#### **Clean Water Act**

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42):

Chemical name	CWA - Reportable	CWA - Toxic	CWA - Priority	CWA -
	Quantities	Pollutants	Pollutants	Hazardous Substances
Acetic Acid 64-19-7	5000 lb			X

#### **CERCLA**

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302):

Chemical name	Hazardous Substances RQs	Extremely Hazardous Substances RQs	SARA RQ
Acetic Acid 64-19-7	5000 lb		RQ 5000 lb final RQ RQ 2270 kg final RQ
Peracetic Acid 79-21-0		500 lb	
Hydrogen Peroxide 7722-84-1		1000 lb	

## **International Inventories**

Component	TSCA (United States)	DSL (Canada)	EINECS/EL INCS (Europe)	ENCS (Japan)	China (IECSC)	KECL (Korea)	PICCS (Philippines )	AICS (Australia)	NZIoC (New Zealand)
Acetic Acid 64-19-7 ( 40 )	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Peracetic Acid 79-21-0 (35.5)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Hydrogen Peroxide 7722-84-1 ( 6.5 )	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	Х	X

**Mexico - Grade** Serious risk, Grade 3

**CANADA** 

## **WHMIS Statement**

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Hazard Class C - Oxidizing material

E - Corrosive material D2B - Toxic materials B3 - Combustible liquid









## **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

NFPA	Health Hazards 3	Flammability 2	Stability 2	Special Hazards OX
HMIS	Health Hazards 3	Flammability 2	Physical hazard 0	Special precautions H

NFPA/HMIS Ratings Legend Severe = 4; Serious = 3; Moderate = 2; Slight = 1; Minimal = 0

Special Hazards: OX = Oxidizer

Protection = H (Safety goggles, gloves, apron, the use of supplied air or SCBA respirator is

required in lieu of a vapor cartidge respirator)

Uniform Fire Code Organic Peroxide: Class 3--Liquid

The information on this Safety Data Sheet has been obtained from the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals, Guidance on the preparation of Safety Data Sheet, Suppliers, Manufacturers, and where applicable, from other reliable sources such as CCOHS, RTECS and worldwide web. However, TIDOL CORPORATION makes no warranties, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy; completeness or adequacy of the information contained herein, and shall not be held liable, regardless of fault, to anyone directly or indirectly for damages or injuries in the use of this product arising out of or in connection with the accuracy, completeness or adequacy of such information. It is the purchaser and the user of the product to evaluate the usefulness of the product and the information inscribed here.

Free samples are provided for testing for fitness of the product for use by the purchaser or another third party client and their compliance with applicable statues is a strict condition of sale. All information given in course of communication is from the best of our knowledge of the products. All recommendations and suggestions are believed to be reliable within limited scope, but should not be construed as warranties. Tidol Corporation, their associated companies and directors disclaim any liability in connection with the purchase, transportation, storage and the use of the product or any data communication.

This Safety data sheet was prepared in compliance with Canadian Hazardous Products Act. 1985, c.H-3 and Hazardous products Regulations 2015-17, Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals and Guidance on the preparation of Safety Data Sheets.